

Bill # / Patron	Summary	Status
HB1342 DeSteph	Following too closely. Includes non-motor vehicles (bicycles, electric assistive mobility devices, electric power-assisted bicycles, and mopeds) among vehicles that the driver of any motor vehicle shall not follow more closely than is reasonable.	House: Passed 72-24 Senate: Referred to Committee on Transportation
HB1344 Rasoul	Flashing lights on motor vehicles; "move over" law. Specifies that vehicles of VDOT's Safety Service Patrol may be equipped with flashing, blinking, or alternating amber warning lights as allowed for other vehicles used for towing or servicing disabled vehicles. Virginia's "move over" law applies to such vehicles.	House: Passed 96-0 Senate: Referred to Committee on Transportation
HB1379 Farrell	Approaching stationary mail vehicles; reduce speed. Requires the driver of any motor vehicle approaching a vehicle used to collect or deliver the United States mail that is displaying a flashing, blinking, or alternating amber light to proceed with due caution and maintain a safe speed. A violation of this provision is punishable as a traffic infraction.	House: Passed 99-0 Senate: Referred to Committee on Transportation
HB1406 Head	Driving on a suspended or revoked license and causing the death of another person; penalty. Provides that any person who drives a motor vehicle in a reckless manner knowing his driver's license is suspended or revoked and causes an accident that results in the death of another person is guilty of a Class 6 felony.	House: Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
HB1422 Head	Use of premises for illegal consumption of alcohol; civil penalty. Allows any locality by ordinance to provide that the owner of any residence is liable for a civil penalty of \$100 for the use of the premises for the illegal consumption of alcohol, provided the owner knew or reasonably should have known that the premises was being used for this purpose.	House: Referred to Committee on Counties, Cities, & Towns Sub-Committee
HB1427 Lingamfelter	Death caused by controlled substance; penalty. Provides that a person who unlawfully sells, gives, or distributes a Schedule I or II controlled substance to another is guilty of second degree murder if (i) such other person's death results from his use of the controlled substance and (ii) the controlled substance is the proximate cause of his death.	House: Read 1 st Time
HB1439 Albo	Alcoholic beverage control; regulations. Directs the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board to promulgate regulations related to temporary extensions of licensed premises, happy hours, transfers of alcoholic beverage inventory between licenses, gifts, containers, sales of distilled spirits in flights, and the storage and sale of pre-mixed alcoholic beverages.	House: Passed 99-0
HB1445 Albo	Possession or distribution of marijuana for medical purposes; epilepsy. Allows a person to possess marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol and allows a medical doctor or pharmacist to distribute such substances without being subject to prosecution if a doctor determines in the course of his professional practice that such substances should be used for the treatment of the person's epilepsy. Currently, the use of medical marijuana is allowed only for the treatment of cancer and glaucoma. The bill also provides that a valid recommendation from a medical doctor that medical marijuana be used for treatment is a necessary prerequisite for	House: Read 1 st Time

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	the immunity from prosecution for the possession or distribution of such substances to apply. The current law requires a valid prescription from a medical doctor. The bill also clarifies that the penalties for forging or altering a recommendation for medical marijuana or for making or uttering a false or forged recommendation are the same as the penalties for committing the same acts with regard to prescriptions.	
HB1503 Albo	Driving after forfeiture of license; blood alcohol content. Provides that a person who operates a motor vehicle whose privilege to do so has been restricted, suspended, or revoked with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.02 or more as indicated by a chemical test is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.	House: Read 1 st Time
HB1564 Garrett	Schedule I drugs. Adds N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: AB-CHMINACA), N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5-fluoro-AMB), and 3,4-methylenedioxy-N,N-dimethylcathinone (other names: Dimethylone, bk-MDDMA) to Schedule I of the Drug Control Act, in accordance with the action of the Board of Pharmacy adding these substances to Schedule I pursuant to § 54.1-3443.	House: Passed 96-0 Senate: Referred to Committee on Education & Health
HB1573 Pogge	Duty of the Attorney General to represent the Commonwealth. Provides that the Attorney General has the duty to represent the interests of the Commonwealth in any proceeding in which the constitutionality or validity of a provision of the Constitution of Virginia or of any law or regulation of the Commonwealth is contested or at issue, except in cases where it would be improper due to a conflict of interests.	House: Read 1 st Time
HB1605 Plum	Possession or distribution of marijuana for medical purposes. Allows a person to possess marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol pursuant to a recommendation of a prescriber acting in the course of his professional practice and allows a medical doctor or pharmacist to distribute such substances in the course of his professional practice without being subject to prosecution and eliminates the requirement that marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol be recommended and dispensed solely for the treatment of cancer or glaucoma. The bill also clarifies that the penalties for forging or altering a recommendation for medical marijuana or for making or uttering a false or forged recommendation are the same as the penalties for committing the same acts with regard to prescriptions.	House: Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
HB1617 Toscano	DNA analysis upon conviction of certain Class 1 misdemeanors. Requires every person convicted of certain offenses under Title 18.2 that are punishable as Class 1 misdemeanors to have a sample of his blood, saliva, or tissue taken for DNA analysis. The bill also requires such sample be taken from every juvenile convicted of or adjudicated delinquent of any of three misdemeanor sex offenses: (i) § 18.2-67.4 (sexual battery), (ii) subsection C of § 18.2-67.5	House: Referred to Criminal Law Sub-Committee

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	<p>(attempt to commit sexual battery), and (iii) § 18.2-130 (peeping). Under current law, a sample is not taken for DNA analysis from juveniles convicted or adjudicated delinquent of any misdemeanor offenses and is taken from adults convicted of only five misdemeanor sex offenses: (a) § 18.2-67.4, (b) § 18.2-67.4:2 (sexual abuse of a child 13 years of age or older but under 15), (c) subsection C of § 18.2-67.5, (d) § 18.2-130, or (e) § 18.2-370.6 (penetrating the mouth of a child under 13 with the tongue). The provisions of the bill apply only to persons convicted or juveniles adjudicated delinquent on or after July 1, 2015.</p> <p>Incorporates HB1928 Bell</p>	
HB1634 Bulova	<p>Alcoholic beverage control; alcohol by volume. Allows farm winery licensees to manufacture wine containing 21 percent or less of alcohol by volume. Under current law, farm winery licensees may manufacture wine containing 18 percent or less of alcohol by volume.</p>	House: Passed 98-0 Senate: Referred to Committee on Rehabilitation & Social Services
HB1638 Miller	<p>Felony homicide; felony drug offenses; penalty. Provides that the killing of one accidentally, contrary to the intention of the parties, from the use of a controlled substance in violation of a felony drug offense involving the manufacture, sale, gift, distribution, or possession with the intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute a controlled substance, regardless of any lapse in time between the felony drug offense and the use of the controlled substance, is murder of the second degree and is punishable by confinement in a state correctional facility for not less than five years nor more than 40 years. The bill also provides that venue for a prosecution of this crime shall lie in the locality where the felony violation of § 18.2-248 occurred, where the use of the controlled substance occurred, or where the death occurred. This bill overrules the Court of Appeals of Virginia decision in <i>Woodard v. Commonwealth</i>, 61 Va. App. 567, 739 S.E.2d 220 (2013), <i>aff'd</i>, 287 Va. 276, 754 S.E.2d 309 (2014).</p> <p>Incorporated HB1427 Lingamfelter</p>	House: Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice Criminal Law Sub-Committee
HB1639 Miller	<p>DUI; persons convicted under laws of other states or federal law; restricted license; ignition interlock. Provides that a person convicted in a federal court of an offense substantially similar to Virginia's DUI law may petition the general district court that he be assigned to a certified alcohol safety program and issued a restricted driver's license. Currently, only persons convicted in other states of substantially similar DUI offenses may so petition. The bill also requires that, as a condition of a restricted license, a person who has been convicted of a substantially similar DUI offense under the laws of another state or the United States be prohibited from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an</p>	House: Read 1 st Time

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	<p>ignition interlock system.</p> <p>Incorporates HB2260 Lindsey</p>	
HB1645 Pogge	<p>Alcoholic beverage control; bed and breakfast licenses. Expands the privileges of a bed and breakfast license by authorizing the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages (i) in bedrooms or private guest rooms by persons to whom overnight lodging is being provided or (ii) in outside areas of the bed and breakfast establishment, provided such areas are under the control of the licensee.</p>	House: Read 1 st Time
HB1776 Albo	<p>Alcoholic beverage control. Eliminates the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (ABC) and replaces it with the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, created by the bill. The bill provides for the appointment of the Board of Directors of the Authority by the General Assembly, with the concurrence of the Governor, and the appointment by the Board of Directors of a Chief Executive Officer of the Authority and sets eligibility requirements for appointment, including background checks. Among other things, the bill also (i) provides for the transfer of current ABC employees to the Authority, (ii) continues such employees' participation in the state health plan and VRS, and (iii) sets out the powers and duties of the Authority and the Chief Executive Officer. The bill contains numerous technical amendments. The bill has a delayed effective date of July 1, 2018.</p>	House: Read 1 st Time
HB1796 Knight	<p>Alcoholic beverage control; operation of government store by distiller licensee. Allows the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Board to appoint a distiller licensee or its officers and employees as agents of the Board for the sale of spirits, manufactured by or for, or blended by such licensee on the licensed premises, at government stores established by the Board on the distiller's licensed premises, provided the agency agreement prohibits such agents from selling spirits to mixed beverage licensees.</p>	House: Passed 99-0
HB1814 DeSteph, Jr.	<p>Alcoholic beverage control; food-beverage ratio. Provides that the combined gross receipts from the sale of food consumed on the premises and nonalcoholic beverages served on the premises by mixed beverage restaurant licensees, mixed beverage caterer's licensees, and mixed beverage limited caterer's licensees must amount to at least 45 percent of the gross receipts from the sale of mixed beverages.</p>	House: Read 1 st Time
HB1839 Robinson	<p>Scheduling of certain controlled substances. Removes hydrocodone combination products from Schedule III and classifies alfaxalone, suvorexant, and tramadol as Schedule IV controlled substances.</p>	House: Read 1 st Time
HB1908 Lopez	<p>Alcoholic beverage control; powdered or crystalline alcohol; penalty. Adds powdered or crystalline alcohol to the definition of alcoholic beverages, prohibits containers sold in or</p>	House: Passed 99-0

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	shipped into the Commonwealth from including powdered or crystalline alcohol, and creates a Class 1 misdemeanor for anyone who purchases, offers for sale or use, or sells or uses a powdered or crystalline alcoholic product.	
HB1917 LeMunyon	Certain contracts between governmental agencies prohibited. Prohibits contracts for the procurement of goods or services between governmental agencies for goods or services that are on the commercial activities list. The bill defines commercial activities list and governmental agency.	House: Read 1 st Time
HB1937 Gilbert	Felony homicide; felony drug offenses; penalty. Provides that a person is guilty of felony homicide, which constitutes second degree murder and is punishable by confinement of not less than five nor more than 40 years, if the underlying felonious act that resulted in the killing of another involved the manufacture, sale, gift, or distribution of a Schedule I or II controlled substance to another and (i) such other person's death results from his use of the controlled substance and (ii) the controlled substance is the proximate cause of his death. This bill overrules the Court of Appeals of Virginia decision in <i>Woodard v. Commonwealth</i> , 61 Va. App. 567, 739 S.E.2d 220 (2013), <i>aff'd</i> , 287 Va. 276, 754 S.E.2d 309 (2014). Incorporated HB1427 Lingamfelter	House: Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice Criminal Law Sub-Committee
HB2223 Morris	Virginia Freedom of Information Act; willful and knowing violations a misdemeanor; penalty. Provides that in addition to the civil enforcement provisions of FOIA, any officer, employee, or member of a public body convicted of a willful and knowing violation of certain FOIA provisions is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.	House: Read 1 st Time
SB781 Alexander	Passing with a double yellow line. Allows drivers to pass a pedestrian, stopped vehicle, or vehicle traveling less than 25 miles per hour by crossing a double yellow line. The bill also relocates a definition from the end of the section to the beginning for clarity. Incorporated SB1027 Garrett & SB1228 Reeves	Senate: Passed 37-1 House: Referred to Committee on Transportation Sub-Committee #2
SB832 Edwards	Taking blood samples pursuant to search warrant; qualified immunity. Provides that no civil liability will attach to a person authorized to withdraw blood pursuant to a search warrant if the sample is taken in accordance with recognized medical procedures and no negligence is present. The bill also designates the medical professionals who may take samples and some of the procedures that must be used in taking a sample. The bill includes a Class 3 misdemeanor for reusing single-use-only needles and mirrors language elsewhere in the Code (§ 18.2-268.5) regarding the taking of blood samples for driving under the influence.	Senate: Passed 33-6-1 House: Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

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SB836 Howell	Riding on motorcycles. Allows a driver of a motorcycle to stand on the footpegs for no longer than necessary when dictated by safety concerns.	Senate: Passed 34-4 House: Referred to Committee on Transportation Sub-Committee #3
SB946 Favola	Alcoholic beverage control; alcohol by volume. Allows farm winery licensees to manufacture wine containing 21 percent or less of alcohol by volume. Under current law, farm winery licensees may manufacture wine containing 18 percent or less of alcohol by volume.	Senate: Passed 39-0 House: Referred to Committee on General Laws
SB955 Dance	Industrial hemp production and manufacturing. Allows licensed cultivation of industrial hemp, defining industrial hemp as the plant Cannabis sativa with a concentration of THC no greater than that allowed by federal law. The bill directs the Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to adopt relevant regulations and establishes an industrial hemp research program.	Senate: Passed 32-5 House: Referred to Committee on Agriculture, Chesapeake, and Natural Resources
SB1027 Garrett	Passing with a double yellow line. Allows drivers to pass a pedestrian, stopped vehicle, or vehicle traveling less than 25 miles per hour by crossing a double yellow line. The bill also relocates a definition from the end of the section to the beginning for clarity. Incorporated SB781 Alexander	Senate: Passed 37-1 House: Referred to Committee on Transportation
SB1032 McDougle	Alcoholic beverage control. Eliminates the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (ABC) and replaces it with the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, created by the bill. The bill provides for the appointment of the Board of Directors of the Authority by the General Assembly, with the concurrence of the Governor, and the appointment by the Board of Directors of a Chief Executive Officer of the Authority and sets eligibility requirements for appointment, including background checks. Among other things, the bill also (i) provides for the transfer of current ABC employees to the Authority, (ii) continues such employees' participation in the state health plan and VRS, and (iii) sets out the powers and duties of the Authority and the Chief Executive Officer. The bill contains numerous technical amendments. The bill has a delayed effective date of July 1, 2018.	Senate: Passed 37-0
SB1034 Puller	Alcoholic beverage control; powdered or crystalline alcohol; penalty. Adds powdered or crystalline alcohol to the definition of alcoholic beverages, prohibits containers sold in or shipped into the Commonwealth from including powdered or crystalline alcohol, and creates a Class 1 misdemeanor for anyone who purchases, offers for sale or use, or sells or uses a powdered or crystalline alcoholic product.	Senate: Passed 38-0
SB1035	Felony homicide; felony drug offenses; penalty. Provides that the killing of one	Senate: Referred to Finance

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Wexton	<p>accidentally, contrary to the intention of the parties, from the use of a controlled substance in violation of a felony drug offense involving the manufacture, sale, gift, distribution, or possession with the intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute a controlled substance, regardless of any lapse in time between the felony drug offense and the use of the controlled substance, is murder of the second degree and is punishable by confinement in a state correctional facility for not less than five years nor more than 40 years. The bill also provides that venue for a prosecution of this crime shall lie in the locality where the felony violation of § 18.2-248 occurred, where the use of the controlled substance occurred, or where the death occurred. This bill overrules the Court of Appeals of Virginia decision in <i>Woodard v. Commonwealth</i>, 61 Va. App. 567, 739 S.E.2d 220 (2013), <i>aff'd</i>, 287 Va. 276, 754 S.E.2d 309 (2014).</p>	
SB1148 Stuart	<p>Restricted driver's license; activities related to seeking employment. Adds travel to and from a scheduled job interview or the office of the Virginia Employment Commission for the purpose of seeking employment to the list of purposes for which a court may issue a restricted driver's license.</p>	<p>Senate: Passed 38-0 House: Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice</p>
SB1165 McWaters	<p>Alcoholic beverage control; farm wine produced by educational institutions exclusively for research and educational purposes; permit required. Authorizes the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) Board to grant permits to any accredited public or private institution of higher education to operate a farm winery under certain conditions. The bill requires the ABC Board to adopt regulations concerning the requirements for this permit, including that such institutions (i) not sell the wine so manufactured or otherwise use the wine for any other purpose except for research and educational purposes and (ii) store the wine on premises of the farm winery that are separate and apart from all other facilities of the institution.</p>	<p>Senate: Passed Senate 37-2 House: Referred to Committee on General Laws</p>
SB1220 Reeves	<p>Following too closely. Includes bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, electric power-assisted bicycles, and mopeds among vehicles that the driver of a motor vehicle shall not follow more closely than is reasonable.</p>	<p>Senate: Passed 38-0 House: Referred to Committee on Transportation</p>
SB1269 Deeds	<p>Alcoholic beverage control; privileges of holders of certain multiple licenses; distiller's remote license. Provides that a licensed distiller who is an agent of the ABC Board shall earn a 30 percent commission on all sales of spirits in closed containers sold on such agent's licensed premises. The bill also allows a person holding multiple licenses for the manufacture of wine, beer, spirits, or cider to provide samples of any alcoholic beverage produced on the licensed premises to persons under certain conditions. The bill creates a new Virginia distiller's remote license, which authorizes the owners, employees, or authorized</p>	<p>Senate: Passed 37-1-1 House: Referred to Committee on General Laws</p>

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	<p>representatives of licensed distillers whose premises are wholly contained within Virginia to sell or give samples of alcoholic beverages of the type specified in the license at licensed events held by the licensee or at a festival or event already authorized by a banquet, banquet special event, or manufacturer multi-day event license. The bill sets other privileges and limitations on this new license and sets the state and local license taxes. The bill also eliminates the volume limits on samples at distillery stores (agents of the ABC Board) or government stores and allows samples to be given so long as the person consuming the alcoholic beverages is not under age or intoxicated.</p>	
SB1272 Deeds	<p>Alcoholic beverage control; limited distiller's license. Creates a limited distiller's license for distilleries that (i) manufacture no more than 36,000 gallons of spirits per calendar year, (ii) are located on a farm in the Commonwealth on land zoned agricultural and owned or leased by such distillery or its owner, and (iii) grow agricultural products on the farm that are used in the manufacture of its alcoholic beverages. The bill also establishes local and state taxes for limited distillers' licenses and prevents local regulation of certain activities by such licensees.</p>	Senate: Passed 37-2 House: Referred to Committee on General Laws
SB1273 Barker	<p>Alcoholic beverage control; regulations of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board relating to certain brewery personnel. Requires the ABC Board to adopt regulations that prescribe the terms and conditions under which tour guides employed by a licensed brewery that manufactures no more than 10,000 barrels of beer during the license year may consume samples of the beer manufactured on the licensed premises while conducting tours of the premises. The bill provides that the samples of beer shall not exceed four ounces, that no more than three product samples may be consumed by the tour guide, and that the purpose of the consumption is to feature and educate the consuming public visiting the licensed premises about the beer being tasted.</p>	Senate: Passed Senate 33-5
SJ280 Deeds	<p>Study; JLARC; consolidation of law-enforcement agencies under the Department of State Police; report. Directs the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission to study consolidation of all state law-enforcement agencies under the Department of State Police.</p>	Senate: Passed Senate House: Referred to Committee on Rules

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Color Codes:

Green: Bill passed both House & Senate

Red: Bill failed

Blue: Bill is active

Yellow: Bill is active and applies to DUI, Ignition Interlock, or VASAP

Purple: Bill has been incorporated into another bill